

Important Surveying Curves Formulas PDF



**Formulas
Examples
with Units**

List of 21 Important Surveying Curves Formulas

1) Offsets from Long Chord Formulas

1.1) Mid Ordinate given Ox Formula

Formula

Evaluate Formula 

$$L_{mo} = -\sqrt{R_{\text{Mid Ordinate}}^2 - x^2} + O_x + R_{\text{Mid Ordinate}}$$

Example with Units

$$2.0127 \text{ m} = -\sqrt{40 \text{ m}^2 - 3 \text{ m}^2} + 1.9 \text{ m} + 40 \text{ m}$$

1.2) Mid Ordinate when Offsets from Long Chord is Used for Setting Out Formula

Formula

Evaluate Formula 

$$L_{mo} = R_{\text{Mid Ordinate}} - \sqrt{R_{\text{Mid Ordinate}}^2 - \left(\frac{C}{2}\right)^2}$$

Example with Units

$$17.034 \text{ m} = 40 \text{ m} - \sqrt{40 \text{ m}^2 - \left(\frac{65.5 \text{ m}}{2}\right)^2}$$

1.3) Offset at Distance x from Mid-Point Formula

Formula

Evaluate Formula 

$$O_x = \sqrt{R_{\text{Mid Ordinate}}^2 - x^2} - (R_{\text{Mid Ordinate}} - L_{mo})$$

Example with Units

$$1.8873 \text{ m} = \sqrt{40 \text{ m}^2 - 3 \text{ m}^2} - (40 \text{ m} - 2 \text{ m})$$



2) Perpendicular Offsets from Tangents Formulas

2.1) Approximate Equation for Offset at Distance x from Mid-Point Formula

Formula

$$O_x = \frac{x^2}{2 \cdot R}$$

Example with Units

$$1.9565\text{ m} = \frac{3\text{ m}^2}{2 \cdot 2.3\text{ m}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

2.2) Radius given Approximate Equation for Offset Formula

Formula

$$R = \frac{x^2}{O_x \cdot 2}$$

Example with Units

$$2.3684\text{ m} = \frac{3\text{ m}^2}{1.9\text{ m} \cdot 2}$$

Evaluate Formula 

3) Setting Out Curve using Offsets from Chords Formulas

3.1) Deflection Angle of First Chord Formula

Formula

$$\delta 1 = \left(\frac{C_1}{2 \cdot R_{\text{Mid Ordinate}}} \right)$$

Example with Units

$$0.0625 = \left(\frac{5\text{ m}}{2 \cdot 40\text{ m}} \right)$$

Evaluate Formula 

3.2) First Offset given First Chord Length Formula

Formula

$$O_1 = \frac{C_1^2}{2} \cdot R_{\text{Mid Ordinate}}$$

Example with Units

$$500\text{ m} = \frac{5\text{ m}^2}{2} \cdot 40\text{ m}$$

Evaluate Formula 

3.3) Length of First Chord for given Deflection Angle of First Chord Formula

Formula

$$C_1 = \delta 1 \cdot 2 \cdot R_{\text{Mid Ordinate}}$$

Example with Units

$$5\text{ m} = 0.0625 \cdot 2 \cdot 40\text{ m}$$

Evaluate Formula 

3.4) N-th Offset using Chords Produced Formula

Formula

$$O_n = \left(\frac{C_n}{2} \cdot R_{\text{Mid Ordinate}} \right) \cdot (C_{n-1} + C_n)$$

Example with Units

$$1920\text{ m} = \left(\frac{8\text{ m}}{2} \cdot 40\text{ m} \right) \cdot (4\text{ m} + 8\text{ m})$$

Evaluate Formula 

3.5) Second Offset using Chord Lengths Formula

Formula

$$O_2 = \left(\frac{C_2}{2} \cdot R_{\text{Mid Ordinate}} \right) \cdot (C_1 + C_2)$$

Example with Units

$$298.2\text{ m} = \left(\frac{2.1\text{ m}}{2} \cdot 40\text{ m} \right) \cdot (5\text{ m} + 2.1\text{ m})$$

Evaluate Formula 



4) Simple Circular Curve Formulas ↻

4.1) Apex Distance Formula ↻

Formula

$$L_{ad} = R_{Curve} \cdot \left(\sec\left(\frac{\Delta}{2}\right) - 1 \right)$$

Example with Units

$$37.1378\text{ m} = 200\text{ m} \cdot \left(\sec\left(\frac{65^\circ}{2}\right) - 1 \right)$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

4.2) Deflection Angle given Length of Curve Formula ↻

Formula

$$\Delta = \frac{L_{Curve}}{R_{Curve}}$$

Example with Units

$$42.9718^\circ = \frac{150\text{ m}}{200\text{ m}}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

4.3) Length of Curve Formula ↻

Formula

$$L_{Curve} = R_{Curve} \cdot \Delta$$

Example with Units

$$226.8928\text{ m} = 200\text{ m} \cdot 65^\circ$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

4.4) Length of Curve if 20m Chord Definition Formula ↻

Formula

$$L_{Curve} = 20 \cdot \frac{\Delta}{D} \cdot \left(\frac{180}{\pi} \right)$$

Example with Units

$$61.9048\text{ m} = 20 \cdot \frac{65^\circ}{21} \cdot \left(\frac{180}{3.1416} \right)$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

4.5) Length of Curve if 30m Chord Definition Formula ↻

Formula

$$L_{Curve} = 30 \cdot \frac{\Delta}{D} \cdot \left(\frac{180}{\pi} \right)$$

Example with Units

$$92.8571\text{ m} = 30 \cdot \frac{65^\circ}{21} \cdot \left(\frac{180}{3.1416} \right)$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

4.6) Mid Ordinate Formula ↻

Formula

$$L_{mo} = R_{Curve} \cdot \left(1 - \cos\left(\frac{\Delta}{2}\right) \right)$$

Example with Units

$$31.3217\text{ m} = 200\text{ m} \cdot \left(1 - \cos\left(\frac{65^\circ}{2}\right) \right)$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

4.7) Radius given Apex Distance Formula ↻

Formula

$$R_{Curve} = \frac{L_{ad}}{\sec\left(\frac{\Delta}{2}\right) - 1}$$

Example with Units

$$118.4776\text{ m} = \frac{22\text{ m}}{\sec\left(\frac{65^\circ}{2}\right) - 1}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻



4.8) Radius of Curve given Length Formula

Formula

$$R_{\text{Curve}} = \frac{L_{\text{Curve}}}{\Delta}$$

Example with Units

$$132.221 \text{ m} = \frac{150 \text{ m}}{65^\circ}$$

Evaluate Formula 

4.9) Radius of Curve given Long Chord Formula

Formula

$$R_{\text{Curve}} = \frac{C}{2 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\Delta}{2}\right)}$$

Example with Units

$$60.953 \text{ m} = \frac{65.5 \text{ m}}{2 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{65^\circ}{2}\right)}$$

Evaluate Formula 

4.10) Radius of Curve given Tangent Formula

Formula

$$R_{\text{Curve}} = \frac{T}{\tan\left(\frac{\Delta}{2}\right)}$$

Example with Units

$$199.9779 \text{ m} = \frac{127.4 \text{ m}}{\tan\left(\frac{65^\circ}{2}\right)}$$

Evaluate Formula 

4.11) Tangent Length Formula

Formula

$$T = R_{\text{Curve}} \cdot \tan\left(\frac{\Delta}{2}\right)$$

Example with Units

$$127.4141 \text{ m} = 200 \text{ m} \cdot \tan\left(\frac{65^\circ}{2}\right)$$

Evaluate Formula 



Variables used in list of Surveying Curves Formulas above

- **C** Length of Long Chord (Meter)
- **C₁** First Sub Chord (Meter)
- **C₂** Second Sub Chord (Meter)
- **C_n** Last Sub Chord (Meter)
- **C_{n-1}** Sub Chord n-1 (Meter)
- **D** Angle for Arc
- **L_{ad}** Apex Distance (Meter)
- **L_{Curve}** Length of Curve (Meter)
- **L_{mo}** Mid Ordinate (Meter)
- **O₁** First Offset (Meter)
- **O₂** Second Offset (Meter)
- **O_n** Offset n (Meter)
- **O_x** Offset at x (Meter)
- **R** Radius of Curve (Meter)
- **R_{Curve}** Curve Radius (Meter)
- **R_{Mid Ordinate}** Radius of Curve for Mid Ordinate (Meter)
- **T** Tangent Length (Meter)
- **x** Distance x (Meter)
- **Δ** Deflection Angle (Degree)
- **δ1** Deflection Angle 1

Constants, Functions, Measurements used in list of Surveying Curves Formulas above

- **constant(s):** π ,
3.14159265358979323846264338327950288
Archimedes' constant
- **Functions:** **cos**, $\cos(\text{Angle})$
Cosine of an angle is the ratio of the side adjacent to the angle to the hypotenuse of the triangle.
- **Functions:** **sec**, $\sec(\text{Angle})$
Secant is a trigonometric function that is defined ratio of the hypotenuse to the shorter side adjacent to an acute angle (in a right-angled triangle); the reciprocal of a cosine.
- **Functions:** **sin**, $\sin(\text{Angle})$
Sine is a trigonometric function that describes the ratio of the length of the opposite side of a right triangle to the length of the hypotenuse.
- **Functions:** **sqrt**, $\text{sqrt}(\text{Number})$
A square root function is a function that takes a non-negative number as an input and returns the square root of the given input number.
- **Functions:** **tan**, $\tan(\text{Angle})$
The tangent of an angle is a trigonometric ratio of the length of the side opposite an angle to the length of the side adjacent to an angle in a right triangle.
- **Measurement:** **Length** in Meter (m)
Length Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Angle** in Degree (°)
Angle Unit Conversion 



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