

Important Equations of Motion and Energy Equation Formulas PDF

Formulas
Examples
with Units

List of 22
Important Equations of Motion and Energy
Equation Formulas

1) Elbow Meter Formulas ↗

1.1) Coefficient of Discharge of Elbow Meter given Discharge Formula ↗

Formula

$$C_d = \frac{q}{A \cdot \left(\sqrt{2 \cdot g \cdot h_{\text{elbowmeter}}} \right)}$$

Example with Units

$$0.6313 = \frac{5 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}}{2 \text{ m}^2 \cdot \left(\sqrt{2 \cdot 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 0.8 \text{ m}} \right)}$$

Evaluate Formula ↗

1.2) Cross-Sectional Area of Elbow Meter given Discharge Formula ↗

Formula

$$A = \frac{q}{C_d \cdot \left(\sqrt{2 \cdot g \cdot h_{\text{elbowmeter}}} \right)}$$

Example with Units

$$1.9132 \text{ m}^2 = \frac{5 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}}{0.66 \cdot \left(\sqrt{2 \cdot 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 0.8 \text{ m}} \right)}$$

Evaluate Formula ↗

1.3) Differential Pressure Head of Elbow Meter Formula ↗

Formula

$$H_{\text{Pressurehead}} = \frac{\left(\frac{q}{C_d \cdot A} \right)^2}{2 \cdot 9.81}$$

Example with Units

$$0.7313 \text{ m} = \frac{\left(\frac{5 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}}{0.66 \cdot 2 \text{ m}^2} \right)^2}{2 \cdot 9.81}$$

Evaluate Formula ↗

1.4) Discharge through Pipe in Elbowmeter Formula ↗

Formula

$$q = C_d \cdot A \cdot \left(\sqrt{2 \cdot g \cdot h_{\text{elbowmeter}}} \right)$$

Example with Units

$$5.2269 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} = 0.66 \cdot 2 \text{ m}^2 \cdot \left(\sqrt{2 \cdot 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 0.8 \text{ m}} \right)$$

Evaluate Formula ↗



2) Euler's Equation of Motion Formulas ↗

2.1) Datum Height at Section 1 from Bernoulli Equation Formula ↗

Formula

$$Z_1 = \frac{P_2}{\gamma_f} + 0.5 \cdot \frac{V_{p2}^2}{[g]} + Z_2 - \frac{P_1}{\gamma_f} - 0.5 \cdot \frac{V_1^2}{[g]}$$

Evaluate Formula ↗

Example with Units

$$11.4763 \text{ m} = \frac{10 \text{ N/mm}^2}{9.81 \text{ kN/m}^3} + 0.5 \cdot \frac{34 \text{ m/s}^2}{9.8066 \text{ m/s}^2} + 12.1 \text{ m} - \frac{8.9 \text{ N/mm}^2}{9.81 \text{ kN/m}^3} - 0.5 \cdot \frac{58.03 \text{ m/s}^2}{9.8066 \text{ m/s}^2}$$

2.2) Datum Height using Piezometric Head for Steady Non-Viscous Flow Formula ↗

Formula

$$Z_1 = P - \frac{P_h}{\gamma_f}$$

Example with Units

$$11.9185 \text{ m} = 12 \text{ m} - \frac{800 \text{ Pa}}{9.81 \text{ kN/m}^3}$$

Evaluate Formula ↗

2.3) Piezometric Head for Steady Non Viscous Flow Formula ↗

Formula

$$P = \left(\frac{P_h}{\gamma_f} \right) + h$$

Example with Units

$$12.0815 \text{ m} = \left(\frac{800 \text{ Pa}}{9.81 \text{ kN/m}^3} \right) + 12 \text{ m}$$

Evaluate Formula ↗

2.4) Pressure at Section 1 from Bernoulli Equation Formula ↗

Formula

$$P_1 = \gamma_f \cdot \left(\left(\frac{P_2}{\gamma_f} \right) + 0.5 \cdot \left(\frac{V_{p2}^2}{[g]} \right) + Z_2 - Z_1 - \left(0.5 \cdot \left(\frac{V_1^2}{[g]} \right) \right) \right)$$

Evaluate Formula ↗

Example with Units

$$8.9037 \text{ N/mm}^2 = 9.81 \text{ kN/m}^3 \cdot \left(\left(\frac{10 \text{ N/mm}^2}{9.81 \text{ kN/m}^3} \right) + 0.5 \cdot \left(\frac{34 \text{ m/s}^2}{9.8066 \text{ m/s}^2} \right) + 12.1 \text{ m} - 11.1 \text{ m} - \left(0.5 \cdot \left(\frac{58.03 \text{ m/s}^2}{9.8066 \text{ m/s}^2} \right) \right) \right)$$

2.5) Pressure Head for Steady Non Viscous Flow Formula ↗

Formula

$$h_p = \frac{P_h}{\gamma_f}$$

Example with Units

$$81.5494 \text{ mm} = \frac{800 \text{ Pa}}{9.81 \text{ kN/m}^3}$$

Evaluate Formula ↗

2.6) Pressure using Pressure Head for Steady Non Viscous Flow Formula ↗

Formula

$$P_h = \gamma_f \cdot h_p$$

Example with Units

$$804.42 \text{ Pa} = 9.81 \text{ kN/m}^3 \cdot 82 \text{ mm}$$

Evaluate Formula ↗



2.7) Velocity at Section 1 from Bernoulli Equation Formula ↗

Evaluate Formula ↗

Formula

$$V_1 = \sqrt{2 \cdot [g] \cdot \left(\left(\frac{P_2}{\gamma_f} \right) + \left(0.5 \cdot \left(\frac{V_{p2}^2}{[g]} \right) \right) + Z_2 - Z_1 - \frac{P_1}{\gamma_f} \right)}$$

Example with Units

$$58.0936 \text{ m/s} = \sqrt{2 \cdot 9.8066 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot \left(\left(\frac{10 \text{ N/mm}^2}{9.81 \text{ kN/m}^3} \right) + \left(0.5 \cdot \left(\frac{34 \text{ m/s}^2}{9.8066 \text{ m/s}^2} \right) \right) + 12.1 \text{ m} - 11.1 \text{ m} - \frac{8.9 \text{ N/mm}^2}{9.81 \text{ kN/m}^3} \right)}$$

2.8) Velocity Head for Steady Non Viscous Flow Formula ↗

Evaluate Formula ↗

Formula

Example with Units

$$V_h = \frac{V^2}{2} \cdot [g]$$

$$8.2866 \text{ m} = \frac{1.3 \text{ m/s}^2}{2} \cdot 9.8066 \text{ m/s}^2$$

Evaluate Formula ↗

2.9) Velocity of Flow given Velocity Head for Steady Non Viscous Flow Formula ↗

Evaluate Formula ↗

Formula

Example with Units

$$V = \sqrt{V_h \cdot 2 \cdot [g]}$$

$$12.6818 \text{ m/s} = \sqrt{8.2 \text{ m} \cdot 2 \cdot 9.8066 \text{ m/s}^2}$$

Evaluate Formula ↗

3) Forces Acting on Fluid in Motion Formulas ↗

3.1) Acceleration of Fluid given Sum of Total Forces influencing Motion of Fluid Formula ↗

Evaluate Formula ↗

Formula

$$a_f = \frac{F_g + F_p + F_C + F_s + F_v + F_t}{M_f}$$

Example with Units

$$1.7366 \text{ m/s}^2 = \frac{10.10 \text{ N} + 10.12 \text{ N} + 9.99 \text{ N} + 10.13 \text{ N} + 10.14 \text{ N} + 10.3 \text{ N}}{35 \text{ kg}}$$

Evaluate Formula ↗

3.2) Compressibility Force given Sum of Total Forces influencing Motion of Fluid Formula ↗

Evaluate Formula ↗

Formula

$$F_C = F - (F_g + F_p + F_s + F_v + F_t)$$

Example with Units

$$9.21 \text{ N} = 60 \text{ N} - (10.10 \text{ N} + 10.12 \text{ N} + 10.13 \text{ N} + 10.14 \text{ N} + 10.3 \text{ N})$$



3.3) Gravity Force given Sum of Total Forces influencing Motion of Fluid Formula ↗

Formula

Evaluate Formula ↗

$$F_g = F - (F_p + F_C + F_s + F_v + F_t)$$

Example with Units

$$9.32\text{N} = 60\text{N} - (10.12\text{N} + 9.99\text{N} + 10.13\text{N} + 10.14\text{N} + 10.3\text{N})$$

3.4) Mass of Fluid given Sum of Total Forces influencing Motion of Fluid Formula ↗

Formula

Evaluate Formula ↗

$$M_f = \frac{F_g + F_p + F_C + F_s + F_v + F_t}{a_f}$$

Example with Units

$$35.7529\text{kg} = \frac{10.10\text{N} + 10.12\text{N} + 9.99\text{N} + 10.13\text{N} + 10.14\text{N} + 10.3\text{N}}{1.7\text{m/s}^2}$$

3.5) Pressure Force given Sum of Total Forces influencing Motion of Fluid Formula ↗

Formula

Evaluate Formula ↗

$$F_p = F - (F_g + F_C + F_s + F_v + F_t)$$

Example with Units

$$9.34\text{N} = 60\text{N} - (10.10\text{N} + 9.99\text{N} + 10.13\text{N} + 10.14\text{N} + 10.3\text{N})$$

3.6) Sum of Total Forces Influencing Motion of Fluid Formula ↗

Formula

Evaluate Formula ↗

$$F = F_g + F_p + F_C + F_s + F_v + F_t$$

Example with Units

$$60.78\text{N} = 10.10\text{N} + 10.12\text{N} + 9.99\text{N} + 10.13\text{N} + 10.14\text{N} + 10.3\text{N}$$

3.7) Surface Tension Force given Sum of Total Forces influencing Motion of Fluid Formula ↗

Formula

Evaluate Formula ↗

$$F_s = F - (F_g + F_p + F_C + F_v + F_t)$$

Example with Units

$$9.35\text{N} = 60\text{N} - (10.10\text{N} + 10.12\text{N} + 9.99\text{N} + 10.14\text{N} + 10.3\text{N})$$



3.8) Turbulent Force given Sum of Total Forces influencing Motion of Fluid Formula

Formula

Evaluate Formula 

$$F_t = F - (F_g + F_p + F_C + F_s + F_v)$$

Example with Units

$$9.52_N = 60_N - (10.10_N + 10.12_N + 9.99_N + 10.13_N + 10.14_N)$$

3.9) Viscous Force given Sum of Total Forces influencing Motion of Fluid Formula

Formula

Evaluate Formula 

$$F_v = F - (F_g + F_p + F_C + F_s + F_t)$$

Example with Units

$$9.36_N = 60_N - (10.10_N + 10.12_N + 9.99_N + 10.13_N + 10.3_N)$$

Variables used in list of Equations of Motion and Energy Equation Formulas above

- A Cross Sectional Area of Pipe (Square Meter)
- a_f Acceleration of Fluid (Meter per Square Second)
- C_d Coefficient of Discharge
- F Force of Fluid (Newton)
- F_C Compressibility Force (Newton)
- F_g Gravity Force (Newton)
- F_p Pressure Force (Newton)
- F_s Surface Tension Force (Newton)
- F_t Turbulent Force (Newton)
- F_v Viscous Force (Newton)
- g Acceleration due to Gravity (Meter per Square Second)
- h Height of Section (Meter)
- $h_{elbowmeter}$ Elbowmeter Height (Meter)
- h_p Pressure Head (Millimeter)
- $H_{Pressurehead}$ Difference in Pressure Head (Meter)
- M_f Mass of Fluid (Kilogram)
- P Piezometric Head (Meter)
- P_1 Pressure at Section 1 (Newton per Square Millimeter)
- P_2 Pressure at Section 2 (Newton per Square Millimeter)
- P_h Pressure of Fluid (Pascal)
- q Discharge of Pipe Through Elbow meter (Cubic Meter per Second)
- V Velocity of Fluid (Meter per Second)
- V_1 Velocity at Point 1 (Meter per Second)
- V_h Velocity Head (Meter)
- V_{p2} Velocity at Point 2 (Meter per Second)
- Z_1 Datum Height at Section 1 (Meter)
- Z_2 Datum Height at Section 2 (Meter)
- γ_f Specific Weight of Liquid (Kilonewton per Cubic Meter)

Constants, Functions, Measurements used in list of Equations of Motion and Energy Equation Formulas above

- **constant(s):** $[g]$, 9.80665
Gravitational acceleration on Earth
- **Functions:** sqrt , $\text{sqrt}(\text{Number})$
A square root function is a function that takes a non-negative number as an input and returns the square root of the given input number.
- **Measurement:** **Length** in Meter (m), Millimeter (mm)
Length Unit Conversion
- **Measurement:** **Weight** in Kilogram (kg)
Weight Unit Conversion
- **Measurement:** **Area** in Square Meter (m^2)
Area Unit Conversion
- **Measurement:** **Pressure** in Newton per Square Millimeter (N/mm^2), Pascal (Pa)
Pressure Unit Conversion
- **Measurement:** **Speed** in Meter per Second (m/s)
Speed Unit Conversion
- **Measurement:** **Acceleration** in Meter per Square Second (m/s^2)
Acceleration Unit Conversion
- **Measurement:** **Force** in Newton (N)
Force Unit Conversion
- **Measurement:** **Volumetric Flow Rate** in Cubic Meter per Second (m^3/s)
Volumetric Flow Rate Unit Conversion
- **Measurement:** **Specific Weight** in Kilonewton per Cubic Meter (kN/m^3)
Specific Weight Unit Conversion



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