

Important Streamflow Measurement Formulas PDF



Formulas Examples with Units

List of 32 Important Streamflow Measurement Formulas

1) Concentration of Variable of Interest given Instantaneous Discharge and Mass Flux Formula



Formula

$$c = \frac{Q_m}{Q_{\text{instant}}}$$

Example with Units

$$4 = \frac{120 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}}{30 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}}$$

Evaluate Formula

2) Instantaneous Discharge given Instantaneous Mass Flux Formula

Formula

$$Q_{\text{instant}} = \frac{Q_m}{c}$$

Example with Units

$$30 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} = \frac{120 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}}{4}$$

Evaluate Formula

3) Mass Flux Computation Formula

Formula

$$Q_m = c \cdot Q_{\text{instant}}$$

Example with Units

$$120 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} = 4 \cdot 30 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

Evaluate Formula

4) An Introduction to River Hydraulics Formulas

4.1) Intermediate and High Flows Formulas

4.1.1) Conveyance Function determined by Chezy's Law Formula

Formula

$$K = C \cdot \left(\frac{A^{\frac{3}{2}}}{P^{\frac{1}{2}}} \right)$$

Example with Units

$$6.9714 = 1.5 \cdot \left(\frac{12.0 \text{ m}^2^{\frac{3}{2}}}{80 \text{ m}^{\frac{1}{2}}} \right)$$

Evaluate Formula

4.1.2) Conveyance Function Determined by Manning's Law Formula

Formula

$$K = \left(\frac{1}{n} \right) \cdot \frac{(A)^{\frac{5}{3}}}{(P)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

Example with Units

$$8.2226 = \left(\frac{1}{0.412} \right) \cdot \frac{(12.0 \text{ m}^2)^{\frac{5}{3}}}{(80 \text{ m})^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

Evaluate Formula



4.1.3) Cross-sectional Area using Chezy's Law Formula

Formula

$$A = \left(\frac{K \cdot P^{\frac{1}{2}}}{C} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

Example with Units

$$13.1531 \text{ m}^2 = \left(\frac{8 \cdot 80 \text{ m}^{\frac{1}{2}}}{1.5} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

4.1.4) Cross-sectional Area using Manning's Law Formula

Formula

$$A = \left(K \cdot n \cdot P^{\frac{2}{3}} \right)^{\frac{3}{5}}$$

Example with Units

$$11.804 \text{ m}^2 = \left(8 \cdot 0.412 \cdot 80 \text{ m}^{\frac{2}{3}} \right)^{\frac{3}{5}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

4.1.5) Friction Slope Formula

Formula

$$S_f = \frac{Q_{\text{instant}}^2}{K^2}$$

Example with Units

$$14.0625 = \frac{30 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}^2}{8^2}$$

Evaluate Formula 

4.1.6) Instantaneous Discharge given Friction Slope Formula

Formula

$$Q_{\text{instant}} = \sqrt{S_f \cdot K^2}$$

Example with Units

$$29.9333 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} = \sqrt{14 \cdot 8^2}$$

Evaluate Formula 

4.1.7) Wetted Perimeter from Manning's Law Formula

Formula

$$P = \left(\left(\frac{1}{n} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{A^{\frac{5}{3}}}{K} \right) \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

Example with Units

$$83.3628 \text{ m} = \left(\left(\frac{1}{0.412} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{12.0 \text{ m}^{\frac{5}{3}}}{8} \right) \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

4.1.8) Wetted Perimeter using Chezy's Law Formula

Formula

$$P = \left(C \cdot \left(\frac{A^{\frac{3}{2}}}{K} \right) \right)^2$$

Example with Units

$$60.75 \text{ m} = \left(1.5 \cdot \left(\frac{12.0 \text{ m}^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8} \right) \right)^2$$

Evaluate Formula 

4.2) Low Flow Formulas

4.2.1) Cease to Flow Depth given Depth at Gauging Station Formula

Formula

$$h_{\text{csf}} = h_G - H_c \cdot (Q) - Q^2$$

Example with Units

$$0.1 \text{ m} = 6.01 \text{ m} - 0.05 \text{ m} \cdot (3.0 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}) - 2.4^2$$

Evaluate Formula 



4.2.2) Depth at Gauging Station Formula ↻

Formula

$$h_G = h_{csf} + H_c \cdot (Q) + Q^2$$

Example with Units

$$6.01 \text{ m} = 0.1 \text{ m} + 0.05 \text{ m} \cdot (3.0 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}) + 2.4^2$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

4.2.3) Discharge given Depth at Gauging Station Formula ↻

Formula

$$Q = \frac{h_G - h_{csf} - Q^2}{H_c}$$

Example with Units

$$3 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} = \frac{6.01 \text{ m} - 0.1 \text{ m} - 2.4^2}{0.05 \text{ m}}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

4.2.4) Head at Control given Depth at Gauging Station Formula ↻

Formula

$$H_c = \frac{h_G - h_{csf} - Q^2}{Q}$$

Example with Units

$$0.05 \text{ m} = \frac{6.01 \text{ m} - 0.1 \text{ m} - 2.4^2}{3.0 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

5) Dilution Technique of Streamflow Measurements Formulas ↻

5.1) Average Depth of Stream given Length of Reach Formula ↻

Formula

$$d_{\text{avg}} = \frac{0.13 \cdot B^2 \cdot C \cdot \left(0.7 \cdot C + 2 \cdot \sqrt{g}\right)}{L \cdot g}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

Example with Units

$$15.1535 \text{ m} = \frac{0.13 \cdot 50 \text{ m}^2 \cdot 1.5 \cdot \left(0.7 \cdot 1.5 + 2 \cdot \sqrt{9.8 \text{ m/s}^2}\right)}{24 \text{ m} \cdot 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2}$$

5.2) Average Width of Stream using Mixing Length Formula ↻

Formula

$$B = \sqrt{\frac{L \cdot g \cdot d_{\text{avg}}}{0.13 \cdot C \cdot \left(0.7 \cdot C + 2 \cdot \sqrt{g}\right)}}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

Example with Units

$$49.7461 \text{ m} = \sqrt{\frac{24 \text{ m} \cdot 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 15 \text{ m}}{0.13 \cdot 1.5 \cdot \left(0.7 \cdot 1.5 + 2 \cdot \sqrt{9.8 \text{ m/s}^2}\right)}}$$



5.3) Constant Rate Injection Method or Plateau Gauging Formula

Formula

$$Q_f = Q_s \cdot \frac{C_2 - C_0}{C_1 - C_2}$$

Example with Units

$$20 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} = 60 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} \cdot \frac{6 - 4}{12 - 6}$$

Evaluate Formula 

5.4) Discharge in Stream by Constant Rate Injection Method Formula

Formula

$$Q_s = Q_f \cdot \left(\frac{C_1 - C_2}{C_2 - C_0} \right)$$

Example with Units

$$60 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} = 20 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} \cdot \left(\frac{12 - 6}{6 - 4} \right)$$

Evaluate Formula 

5.5) Length of Reach Formula

Formula

$$L = \frac{0.13 \cdot B^2 \cdot C \cdot \left(0.7 \cdot C + 2 \cdot \sqrt{g} \right)}{g \cdot d_{\text{avg}}}$$

Example with Units

$$24.2456 \text{ m} = \frac{0.13 \cdot 50 \text{ m}^2 \cdot 1.5 \cdot \left(0.7 \cdot 1.5 + 2 \cdot \sqrt{9.8 \text{ m/s}^2} \right)}{9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 15 \text{ m}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

6) Electromagnetic Method Formulas

6.1) Current in Coil in Electromagnetic Method Formula

Formula

$$I = E \cdot \frac{d}{\left(\frac{Q_s}{k} \right)^{\frac{1}{n_{\text{system}}}} - K_2}$$

Example with Units

$$50.113 \text{ A} = 10 \cdot \frac{3.23 \text{ m}}{\left(\frac{60 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{2.63}} - 3}$$

Evaluate Formula 

6.2) Depth of Flow in Electromagnetic Method Formula

Formula

$$d = \frac{\left(\left(\frac{Q_s}{k} \right)^{\frac{1}{n_{\text{system}}}} - K_2 \right) \cdot I}{E}$$

Example with Units

$$3.2298 \text{ m} = \frac{\left(\left(\frac{60 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{2.63}} - 3 \right) \cdot 50.11 \text{ A}}{10}$$

Evaluate Formula 



6.3) Measurement for Discharge in Electromagnetic Method Formula

Formula

$$Q_s = k \cdot \left(\left(E \cdot \frac{d}{I} \right) + K_2 \right)^{n_{\text{system}}}$$

Example with Units

$$60.0017 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} = 2 \cdot \left(\left(10 \cdot \frac{3.23 \text{ m}}{50.11 \text{ A}} \right) + 3 \right)^{2.63}$$

Evaluate Formula 

7) Stage Discharge Relationship Formulas

7.1) Actual Discharge from Backwater Effect on Rating Curve Normalized Curve Formula

Formula

$$Q_a = Q_0 \cdot \left(\frac{F}{F_0} \right)^m$$

Example with Units

$$9.001 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} = 7 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} \cdot \left(\frac{2.5 \text{ m}}{1.512 \text{ m}} \right)^{0.5}$$

Evaluate Formula 

7.2) Actual Fall at Stage given Actual Discharge Formula

Formula

$$F = F_0 \cdot \left(\frac{Q_a}{Q_0} \right)^{\frac{1}{m}}$$

Example with Units

$$2.4994 \text{ m} = 1.512 \text{ m} \cdot \left(\frac{9 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}}{7 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}} \right)^{\frac{1}{0.5}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

7.3) Diffusion Coefficient in Advection Diffusion Flood Routing Formula

Formula

$$D = \frac{K}{2} \cdot W \cdot \sqrt{S}$$

Example with Units

$$800 \text{ m}^2/\text{s} = \frac{8}{2} \cdot 100 \text{ m} \cdot \sqrt{4.0}$$

Evaluate Formula 

7.4) Gauge Height given Discharge for Non-Alluvial Rivers Formula

Formula

$$G = \left(\frac{Q_s}{C_r} \right)^{\frac{1}{\beta}} + a$$

Example with Units

$$10.2055 \text{ m} = \left(\frac{60 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}}{1.99} \right)^{\frac{1}{1.6}} + 1.8$$

Evaluate Formula 

7.5) Measured Unsteady Flow Formula

Formula

$$Q_M = Q_n \cdot \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{1}{v_W \cdot S_0} \right) \cdot dh/dt}$$

Example with Units

$$14.4 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} = 12 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} \cdot \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{1}{50.0 \text{ m/s} \cdot 0.10} \right) \cdot 2.2}$$

Evaluate Formula 



7.6) Normal Discharge at given Stage under Steady Uniform Flow Formula

Formula

$$Q_n = \frac{Q_M}{\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{1}{v_w \cdot S_o}\right) \cdot dh/dt}}$$

Example with Units

$$12 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} = \frac{14.4 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}}{\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{1}{50.0 \text{ m/s} \cdot 0.10}\right) \cdot 2.2}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

7.7) Normalized Discharge of Backwater Effect on Rating Curve Normalized Curve Formula

Formula

$$Q_0 = Q_a \cdot \left(\frac{F_o}{F}\right)^m$$

Example with Units

$$6.9992 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} = 9 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} \cdot \left(\frac{1.512 \text{ m}}{2.5 \text{ m}}\right)^{0.5}$$

Evaluate Formula 

7.8) Normalized Value of Fall given Discharge Formula

Formula

$$F_o = F \cdot \left(\frac{Q_0}{Q_a}\right)^{\frac{1}{m}}$$

Example with Units

$$1.5123 \text{ m} = 2.5 \text{ m} \cdot \left(\frac{7 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}}{9 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}}\right)^{\frac{1}{0.5}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

7.9) Relationship between Stage and Discharge for Non-Alluvial Rivers Formula

Formula

$$Q_s = C_r \cdot (G - a)^\beta$$

Example with Units

$$59.9377 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} = 1.99 \cdot (10.2 \text{ m} - 1.8)^{1.6}$$

Evaluate Formula 



Variables used in list of Streamflow Measurement Formulas above

- **a** Constant of Gauge Reading
- **A** Cross-Sectional Area (*Square Meter*)
- **B** Average Width of Stream (*Meter*)
- **c** Concentration of Variable of Interest
- **C** Chézy's Coefficients
- **C₀** Initial Concentration of Tracer
- **C₁** High Concentration of Tracer at Section 1
- **C₂** Concentration Profile of Tracer at Section 2
- **C_r** Rating Curve Constant
- **d** Depth of Flow (*Meter*)
- **D** Diffusion Coefficient (*Square Meter Per Second*)
- **d_{avg}** Average Depth of Stream (*Meter*)
- **dh/dt** Rate of Change of Stage
- **E** Signal Output
- **F** Actual Fall (*Meter*)
- **F₀** Normalized Value of Fall (*Meter*)
- **g** Acceleration due to Gravity (*Meter per Square Second*)
- **G** Gauge Height (*Meter*)
- **H_C** Head at Control (*Meter*)
- **h_{csf}** Cease-to-Flow Depth (*Meter*)
- **h_G** Depth at Gauging Station (*Meter*)
- **I** Current in Coil (*Ampere*)
- **k** System Constant k
- **K** Conveyance Function
- **K₂** System Constant K2
- **L** Mixing Length (*Meter*)
- **m** Exponent on Rating Curve
- **n** Manning's Roughness Coefficient
- **n_{system}** System Constant n
- **P** Wetted Perimeter (*Meter*)
- **Q** Discharge (*Cubic Meter per Second*)

Constants, Functions, Measurements used in list of Streamflow Measurement Formulas above

- **Functions:** **sqrt**, sqrt(Number)
A square root function is a function that takes a non-negative number as an input and returns the square root of the given input number.
- **Measurement:** **Length** in Meter (m)
Length Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Electric Current** in Ampere (A)
Electric Current Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Area** in Square Meter (m²)
Area Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Speed** in Meter per Second (m/s)
Speed Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Acceleration** in Meter per Square Second (m/s²)
Acceleration Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Volumetric Flow Rate** in Cubic Meter per Second (m³/s)
Volumetric Flow Rate Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Diffusivity** in Square Meter Per Second (m²/s)
Diffusivity Unit Conversion 



- Q_0 Normalized Discharge (Cubic Meter per Second)
- Q_a Actual Discharge (Cubic Meter per Second)
- Q_f Constant Discharge Rate at C1 (Cubic Meter per Second)
- Q_{instant} Instantaneous Discharge (Cubic Meter per Second)
- Q_m Instantaneous Mass Flux (Cubic Meter per Second)
- Q_M Measured Unsteady Flow (Cubic Meter per Second)
- Q_n Normal Discharge (Cubic Meter per Second)
- Q_s Discharge in Stream (Cubic Meter per Second)
- Q^2 Terms of Order
- S Bed Slope
- S_f Friction Slope
- S_o Channel Slope
- v_W Velocity of Flood Wave (Meter per Second)
- W Width of Water Surface (Meter)
- β Rating Curve Constant Beta



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