









2.14) Normal Stress Component given Submerged Unit Weight and Depth of Prism Formula 🗺 Evaluate Formula 🕝 $\boxed{67.8843\,\text{kN/m}^2\ =\ 52.89\,\text{kN/m}^2\ +\left(\ 5.00\,\text{kN/m}^3\ \cdot\ 3\,\text{m}\ \cdot\left(\cos\!\left(\frac{64^\circ\ \cdot\ 3.1416}{180}\right)\right)^2\right)}$ $\sigma_{\rm n} = F_{\rm u} + \left(y_{\rm S} \cdot z \cdot \left(\cos \left(\frac{{\rm i} \cdot \pi}{180} \right) \right)^2 \right) \right)$ 2.15) Saturated Unit Weight given Critical Depth Formula 🗂 Evaluate Formula $\gamma_{saturated} = \frac{\left(\frac{C_{eff}}{h_c}\right) \cdot \left(y_S \cdot tan\left(\frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \left(cos\left(\frac{i \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^2\right)}{tan\left(\frac{i \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \left(cos\left(\frac{i \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^2}$ Example with Units $\frac{\left(\frac{0.32\,\text{kp}_2}{1.01\,\text{m}}\right) \cdot \left(5.00\,\text{kN/m^3} \cdot \tan\left(\frac{46^{\star} \cdot 3.1416}{180}\right) \cdot \left(\cos\left(\frac{64^{\star} \cdot 3.1416}{180}\right)\right)^2\right)}{\tan\left(\frac{64^{\star} \cdot 3.1416}{180}\right) \cdot \left(\cos\left(\frac{64^{\star} \cdot 3.1416}{180}\right)\right)^2}$ $12.6621 \, \text{kN/m^3} =$ 2.16) Saturated Unit Weight given Factor of Safety for Cohesive Soil Formula 🕝 Evaluate Formula $\gamma_{\text{saturated}} = \frac{C_{\text{eff}} + \left(y_{\text{S}} \cdot z \cdot \tan\left(\frac{\Phi_{1} \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \left(\cos\left(\frac{i \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)^{2}\right)}{F_{\text{s}} \cdot z \cdot \cos\left(\frac{i \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \sin\left(\frac{i \cdot \pi}{180}\right)}$ Example with Units $\frac{0.32\,{}_{k}{}_{Pa} + \left(5.00\,{}_{k}{}_{N}{}_{m}{}^{3} \cdot 3m \cdot tan\left(\frac{82.87 \cdot \cdot 3.1416}{180}\right) \cdot \left(cos\left(\frac{64 \cdot \cdot 3.1416}{180}\right)\right)^{2}\right)}{2.8 \cdot 3m \cdot cos\left(\frac{64 \cdot \cdot 3.1416}{180}\right) \cdot sin\left(\frac{64 \cdot \cdot 3.1416}{180}\right)}$ $4.267 \, \text{kN/m^3} =$ 2.17) Shear Strength given Submerged Unit Weight Formula 🕝 Evaluate Formula 🕝 Example with Units $\tau_{f} = \frac{\zeta_{soil} \cdot y_{S} \cdot tan\left(\frac{\phi \cdot \pi}{180}\right)}{\gamma_{saturated} \cdot tan\left(\frac{1 \cdot \pi}{180}\right)} \left| 0.2146 \text{ kN/m}^{2} = \frac{0.71 \text{ kN/m}^{2} \cdot 5.00 \text{ kN/m}^{3} \cdot tan\left(\frac{46 \cdot \cdot 3.1416}{180}\right)}{11.89 \text{ kN/m}^{3} \cdot tan\left(\frac{64 \cdot \cdot 3.1416}{180}\right)} \right|$ 2.18) Shear Stress Component given Saturated Unit Weight Formula Formula $\zeta_{\text{soil}} = \left(\gamma_{\text{saturated}} \cdot z \cdot \cos\left(\frac{i \cdot \pi}{180}\right) \cdot \sin\left(\frac{i \cdot \pi}{180}\right)\right)$ Example with Units $0.6952 \text{ km/m}^2 = \left(11.89 \text{ km/m}^3 \cdot 3 \text{ m} \cdot \cos\left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot 3.1416}{180}\right) \cdot \sin\left(\frac{64^\circ \cdot 3.1416}{180}\right) \right)$ 2.19) Shear Stress given Submerged Unit Weight Formula 🕝 Evaluate Formula (Example with Units Formula $\zeta_{soil} = \frac{\tau_f}{\frac{y_s \cdot \tan((\phi))}{11.89 \text{ km/m}^2 \cdot \tan((46^+))}} \left[23.165 \text{ kN/m}^2 = \frac{4.92 \text{ kN/m}^2}{\frac{5.00 \text{ km/m}^2 \cdot \tan((46^+))}{11.89 \text{ km/m}^2 \cdot \tan((64^+))}} \right]$ 2.20) Stability Number for Failure on Slope with Seepage of Water Formula Evaluate Formula 🕝 Formula $S_{n} = \left(\cos\left(\delta\right)\right)^{2} \cdot \left(\tan\left(\delta\right) - \left(\frac{\gamma_{b} \cdot \tan\left(\Phi_{i}\right)}{\gamma_{saturated}}\right)\right) = \left[0.0412 = \left(\cos\left(87^{\circ}\right)\right)^{2} \cdot \left(\tan\left(87^{\circ}\right) - \left(\frac{6 \ln N/m^{3} \cdot \tan\left(82.87^{\circ}\right)}{11.89 \ln N/m^{3}}\right)\right)\right]$





© formuladen.com



Variables used in list of Seepage Analysis Formulas above

- b Inclined Length of Prism (Meter)
- C' Effective Cohesion (Pascal)
- C Cohesion in Soil as Kilopascal (Kilopascal)
- Ceff Effective Cohesion in Geotech as Kilopascal (Kilopascal)
- F_s Factor of Safety in Soil Mechanics
- F_u Upward Force in Seepage Analysis (Kilonewton per Square Meter)
- h_c Critical Depth (Meter)
- i Angle of Inclination to Horizontal in Soil (Degree)
- S_n Stability Number
- Tf Shear Strength of Soil (Pascal)
- Wprism Weight of Prism in Soil Mechanics (Kilonewton)
- y_S Submerged Unit Weight in KN per Cubic Meter (Kilonewton per Cubic Meter)
- Z Depth of Prism (Meter)
- γ Unit Weight of Soil (Kilonewton per Cubic Meter)
- γ_b Buoyant Unit Weight (Kilonewton per Cubic Meter)
- Y_{sat} Saturated Unit Weight in Newton per Cubic Meter (Newton per Cubic Meter)
- Vsaturated Saturated Unit Weight of Soil (Kilonewton per Cubic Meter)
- Ywater Unit Weight of Water (Kilonewton per Cubic Meter)
- Y Submerged Unit Weight (Newton per Cubic Meter)
- δ Slope of Ground (Degree)
- ζ_{soil} Shear Stress in Soil Mechanics (Kilonewton per Square Meter)
- σ_n Normal Stress in Soil Mechanics (Kilonewton per Square Meter)
- σ_z Vertical Stress at Point (Pascal)
- σ_{zkp} Vertical Stress at a Point in Kilopascal (Kilopascal)
- o Effective Normal Stress in Soil Mechanics (Kilonewton per Square Meter)
- T_f Shear Strength in KN per Cubic Meter (Kilonewton per Square Meter)
- φ Angle of Internal Friction (Degree)
- Φ_i Angle of Internal Friction of Soil (Degree)

Constants, Functions, Measurements used in list of Seepage Analysis Formulas above

- constant(s): pi, 3.14159265358979323846264338327950288
 Archimedes' constant
- Functions: acos, acos(Number)
 The inverse cosine function, is the inverse function of the cosine function. It is the function that takes a ratio as an input and returns the angle whose cosine is equal to that ratio.
- Functions: atan, atan(Number)
 Inverse tan is used to calculate the angle by applying the tangent ratio
 of the angle, which is the opposite side divided by the adjacent side of
 the right triangle.
- Functions: cos, cos(Angle) Cosine of an angle is the ratio of the side adjacent to the angle to the hypotenuse of the triangle.
- Functions: sin, sin(Angle) Sine is a trigonometric function that describes the ratio of the length of the opposite side of a right triangle to the length of the hypotenuse.
- Functions: tan, tan(Angle) The tangent of an angle is a trigonometric ratio of the length of the side opposite an angle to the length of the side adjacent to an angle in a right triangle.
- Measurement: Length in Meter (m)
 Length Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Pressure in Pascal (Pa), Kilonewton per Square Meter (kN/m²), Kilopascal (kPa)
 - Pressure Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Force in Kilonewton (kN) Force Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Angle in Degree (°) Angle Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Specific Weight in Kilonewton per Cubic Meter (kN/m³), Newton per Cubic Meter (N/m³) Specific Weight Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Stress in Kilonewton per Square Meter (kN/m²) Stress Unit Conversion



Download other Important Geotechnical Engineering PDFs

•	Important Bearing Capacity for Strip Footing for C-Φ Soils Formulas 🚰	•	Important Minimum Depth of Foundation by Rankine's Analysis Formulas
•	Important Bearing Capacity of Cohesive Soil	٠	Important Pile Foundations Formulas 🕝
	Formulas 🕝	٠	Important Scraper Production Formulas 🕝
•	Important Bearing Capacity of Non-cohesive Soil	•	Important Seepage Analysis Formulas 🕝
	Formulas 🕝	•	Important Slope Stability Analysis using Bishops
•	Important Bearing Capacity of Soils Formulas 춦		Method Formulas 🕝
•	Important Bearing Capacity of Soils: Meyerhof's	٠	Important Slope Stability Analysis using Culman's
	Analysis Formulas 🕝		Method Formulas 🕝
•	Important Foundation Stability Analysis Formulas 👉	٠	Important Soil Origin and Its Properties Formulas 🕝
•	Important Atterberg Limits Formulas 👉	٠	Important Specific Gravity of Soil Formulas 🕝
•	Important Bearing Capacity of Soil: Terzaghi's	•	Important Stability Analysis of Infinite Slopes in Prism
	Analysis Formulas 🕝		Formulas 🕝
•	Important Compaction of Soil Formulas 🖝	•	Important Vibration Control in Blasting Formulas 🕝
•	Important Earth Moving Formulas Ċ	•	Important Void Ratio of Soil Sample Formulas 🗁
•	Important Lateral Pressure for Cohesive and Non	•	Important Water Content of Soil and Related

- Important Lateral Pressure for Cohesive and Non Cohesive Soil Formulas
- Important Water Content of Soil and Related
 Formulas

Try our Unique Visual Calculators

- 🔀 Winning percentage 🕝
- <u>छ</u> Mixed fraction 🕝

• 🗱 LCM of two numbers 🖝

Please SHARE this PDF with someone who needs it!

This PDF can be downloaded in these languages

English Spanish French German Russian Italian Portuguese Polish Dutch

7/9/2024 | 4:48:00 AM UTC

