

# Important Condensation Formulas PDF



**Formulas  
Examples  
with Units**

**List of 22  
Important Condensation Formulas**

## 1) Average Heat Transfer Coefficient for Condensation Inside Horizontal Tubes for Low Vapor Velocity Formula ↻

Formula

Evaluate Formula ↻

$$h^- = 0.555 \cdot \left( \frac{\rho_f \cdot (\rho_f - \rho_v) \cdot [g] \cdot h'_{fg} \cdot (k_f^3)^{0.25}}{L \cdot D_{\text{Tube}} \cdot (T_{\text{Sat}} - T_w)} \right)^{0.25}$$

Example with Units

$$14.4255 \text{ W/m}^2\text{K} = 0.555 \cdot \left( \frac{96 \text{ kg/m}^3 \cdot (96 \text{ kg/m}^3 - 0.5 \text{ kg/m}^3) \cdot 9.8066 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 3100000 \text{ J/kg} \cdot (0.67 \text{ W/(m}^3\text{K)})^3}{65 \text{ m} \cdot 9.71 \text{ m} \cdot (373 \text{ K} - 82 \text{ K})} \right)^{0.25}$$

## 2) Average Heat Transfer Coefficient for Film Condensation on Plate for Wavy Laminar Flow Formula ↻

Formula

Evaluate Formula ↻

$$h^- = 1.13 \cdot \left( \frac{\rho_f \cdot (\rho_f - \rho_v) \cdot [g] \cdot h_{fg} \cdot (k_f^3)^{0.25}}{L \cdot \mu_f \cdot (T_{\text{Sat}} - T_w)} \right)^{0.25}$$

Example with Units

$$116.0939 \text{ W/m}^2\text{K} = 1.13 \cdot \left( \frac{96 \text{ kg/m}^3 \cdot (96 \text{ kg/m}^3 - 0.5 \text{ kg/m}^3) \cdot 9.8066 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 2260000 \text{ J/kg} \cdot (0.67 \text{ W/(m}^3\text{K)})^3}{65 \text{ m} \cdot 0.029 \text{ N}^s\text{/m}^2 \cdot (373 \text{ K} - 82 \text{ K})} \right)^{0.25}$$



### 3) Average Heat Transfer Coefficient for Laminar Film Condensation of Tube Formula

Formula

Evaluate Formula 

$$h^- = 0.725 \cdot \left( \frac{\rho_f \cdot (\rho_f - \rho_v) \cdot [g] \cdot h_{fg} \cdot (k_f^3)}{D_{\text{Tube}} \cdot \mu_f \cdot (T_{\text{Sat}} - T_w)} \right)^{0.25}$$

Example with Units

$$119.8098 \text{ W/m}^2 \cdot \text{K} = 0.725 \cdot \left( \frac{96 \text{ kg/m}^3 \cdot (96 \text{ kg/m}^3 - 0.5 \text{ kg/m}^3) \cdot 9.8066 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 2260000 \text{ J/kg} \cdot (0.67 \text{ W/(m}^3 \cdot \text{K)})^3}{9.71 \text{ m} \cdot 0.029 \text{ N} \cdot \text{s/m}^2 \cdot (373 \text{ K} - 82 \text{ K})} \right)^{0.25}$$

### 4) Average Heat Transfer Coefficient for Laminar Film Condensation on Outside of Sphere Formula

Formula

Evaluate Formula 

$$h^- = 0.815 \cdot \left( \frac{\rho_f \cdot (\rho_f - \rho_v) \cdot [g] \cdot h_{fg} \cdot (k_f^3)}{D_{\text{Sphere}} \cdot \mu_f \cdot (T_{\text{Sat}} - T_w)} \right)^{0.25}$$

Example with Units

$$134.6481 \text{ W/m}^2 \cdot \text{K} = 0.815 \cdot \left( \frac{96 \text{ kg/m}^3 \cdot (96 \text{ kg/m}^3 - 0.5 \text{ kg/m}^3) \cdot 9.8066 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 2260000 \text{ J/kg} \cdot (0.67 \text{ W/(m}^3 \cdot \text{K)})^3}{9.72 \text{ m} \cdot 0.029 \text{ N} \cdot \text{s/m}^2 \cdot (373 \text{ K} - 82 \text{ K})} \right)^{0.25}$$

### 5) Average Heat Transfer Coefficient for Vapor Condensing on Plate Formula

Formula

Evaluate Formula 

$$h^- = 0.943 \cdot \left( \frac{\rho_f \cdot (\rho_f - \rho_v) \cdot [g] \cdot h_{fg} \cdot (k_f^3)}{L \cdot \mu_f \cdot (T_{\text{Sat}} - T_w)} \right)^{0.25}$$

Example with Units

$$96.8819 \text{ W/m}^2 \cdot \text{K} = 0.943 \cdot \left( \frac{96 \text{ kg/m}^3 \cdot (96 \text{ kg/m}^3 - 0.5 \text{ kg/m}^3) \cdot 9.8066 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 2260000 \text{ J/kg} \cdot (0.67 \text{ W/(m}^3 \cdot \text{K)})^3}{65 \text{ m} \cdot 0.029 \text{ N} \cdot \text{s/m}^2 \cdot (373 \text{ K} - 82 \text{ K})} \right)^{0.25}$$



## 6) Average Heat Transfer Coefficient given Reynolds Number and Properties at Film Temperature Formula

Formula

Evaluate Formula 

$$h^- = \frac{0.026 \cdot \left( P_f^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) \cdot \left( Re_m^{0.8} \right) \cdot \left( K_f \right)}{D_{Tube}}$$

Example with Units

$$0.7828 \text{ W/m}^2\text{K} = \frac{0.026 \cdot \left( 0.95^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) \cdot \left( 2000^{0.8} \right) \cdot \left( 0.68 \text{ W/(m}^2\text{K)} \right)}{9.71 \text{ m}}$$

## 7) Condensation Number Formula

Formula

Evaluate Formula 

$$Co = (h^-) \cdot \left( \left( \frac{(\mu_f)^2}{\left( \frac{k^3}{\rho_f} \right) \cdot (\rho_f - \rho_v) \cdot [g]} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)$$

Example with Units

$$0.0238 = (115 \text{ W/m}^2\text{K}) \cdot \left( \left( \frac{(0.029 \text{ N*s/m}^2)^2}{\left( \frac{10.18 \text{ W/(m}^3\text{K)}^3}{\rho_f} \right) \cdot (96 \text{ kg/m}^3) \cdot (96 \text{ kg/m}^3 - 0.5 \text{ kg/m}^3) \cdot 9.8066 \text{ m/s}^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)$$

## 8) Condensation Number for Horizontal Cylinder Formula

Formula

Example

Evaluate Formula 

$$Co = 1.514 \cdot \left( (Re_f)^{-\frac{1}{3}} \right)$$

$$0.2262 = 1.514 \cdot \left( (300)^{-\frac{1}{3}} \right)$$

## 9) Condensation Number for Vertical Plate Formula

Formula

Example

Evaluate Formula 

$$Co = 1.47 \cdot \left( (Re_f)^{-\frac{1}{3}} \right)$$

$$0.2196 = 1.47 \cdot \left( (300)^{-\frac{1}{3}} \right)$$



## 10) Condensation Number given Reynolds Number Formula

Formula

Evaluate Formula 

$$Co = \left( (C)^{\frac{4}{3}} \right) \cdot \left( \left( \frac{4 \cdot \sin(\Phi) \cdot \left( \left( \frac{A_{cs}}{P} \right) \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{L} \right) \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot \left( (Re_f)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)$$

Example with Units

$$0.1393 = \left( (1.5)^{\frac{4}{3}} \right) \cdot \left( \left( \frac{4 \cdot \sin(1.55 \text{ rad}) \cdot \left( \left( \frac{25 \text{ m}^2}{9.6 \text{ m}} \right) \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{65 \text{ m}} \right) \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot \left( (300)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)$$

## 11) Condensation Number when Turbulence is Encountered in Film Formula

Formula

Example

Evaluate Formula 

$$Co = 0.0077 \cdot \left( (Re_f)^{0.4} \right)$$

$$0.0754 = 0.0077 \cdot \left( (300)^{0.4} \right)$$

## 12) Film Thickness given Mass Flow of Condensate Formula

Formula

Evaluate Formula 

$$\delta = \left( \frac{3 \cdot \mu_f \cdot \dot{m}}{\rho_L \cdot (\rho_L - \rho_v) \cdot [g]} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

Example with Units

$$0.0023 \text{ m} = \left( \frac{3 \cdot 0.029 \text{ N}^{\circ}\text{s/m}^2 \cdot 1.40 \text{ kg/s}}{1000 \text{ kg/m}^3 \cdot (1000 \text{ kg/m}^3 - 0.5 \text{ kg/m}^3) \cdot 9.8066 \text{ m/s}^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

## 13) Film Thickness in Film Condensation Formula

Formula

Evaluate Formula 

$$\delta = \left( \frac{4 \cdot \mu_f \cdot k \cdot x \cdot (T_{\text{Sat}} - T_w)}{[g] \cdot h_{fg} \cdot (\rho_L) \cdot (\rho_L - \rho_v)} \right)^{0.25}$$

Example with Units

$$0.001 \text{ m} = \left( \frac{4 \cdot 0.029 \text{ N}^{\circ}\text{s/m}^2 \cdot 10.18 \text{ W/(m}^{\circ}\text{K)} \cdot 0.06 \text{ m} \cdot (373 \text{ K} - 82 \text{ K})}{9.8066 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 2260000 \text{ J/kg} \cdot (1000 \text{ kg/m}^3) \cdot (1000 \text{ kg/m}^3 - 0.5 \text{ kg/m}^3)} \right)^{0.25}$$



#### 14) Heat Transfer Coefficient for Condensation on Flat Plate for Nonlinear Temperature Profile in Film Formula

Formula

Evaluate Formula 

$$h'_{fg} = \left( h_{fg} + 0.68 \cdot c \cdot (T_{Sat} - T_w) \right)$$

Example with Units

$$3.1E+6 \text{ J/kg} = \left( 2260000 \text{ J/kg} + 0.68 \cdot 4184 \text{ J/(kg}\cdot\text{K)} \cdot (373 \text{ K} - 82 \text{ K}) \right)$$

#### 15) Heat Transfer Rate for Condensation of Superheated Vapors Formula

Formula

Example with Units

Evaluate Formula 

$$q = h \cdot A_{plate} \cdot (T_s' - T_w)$$

$$28658 \text{ W} = 115 \text{ W/m}^2\cdot\text{K} \cdot 35.6 \text{ m}^2 \cdot (89 \text{ K} - 82 \text{ K})$$

#### 16) Mass Flow of Condensate through any X Position of Film Formula

Formula

Evaluate Formula 

$$\dot{m} = \frac{\rho_L \cdot (\rho_L - \rho_V) \cdot [g] \cdot (\delta^3)}{3 \cdot \mu_f}$$

Example with Units

$$1.4069 \text{ kg/s} = \frac{1000 \text{ kg/m}^3 \cdot (1000 \text{ kg/m}^3 - 0.5 \text{ kg/m}^3) \cdot 9.8066 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot (0.00232 \text{ m})^3}{3 \cdot 0.029 \text{ N}\cdot\text{s/m}^2}$$

#### 17) Mass Flow Rate through Particular Section of Condensate Film given Reynolds Number of Film Formula

Formula

Example with Units

Evaluate Formula 

$$\dot{m}_1 = \frac{Re_f \cdot P \cdot \mu}{4}$$

$$7200 \text{ kg/s} = \frac{300 \cdot 9.6 \text{ m} \cdot 10 \text{ N}\cdot\text{s/m}^2}{4}$$

#### 18) Reynolds Number for Condensate Film Formula

Formula

Example with Units

Evaluate Formula 

$$Re_f = \frac{4 \cdot \dot{m}_1}{P \cdot \mu}$$

$$300 = \frac{4 \cdot 7200 \text{ kg/s}}{9.6 \text{ m} \cdot 10 \text{ N}\cdot\text{s/m}^2}$$



## 19) Reynolds Number using Average Heat Transfer Coefficient for Condensate Film Formula



Formula

Evaluate Formula

$$\text{Re}_f = \left( \frac{4 \cdot h^- \cdot L \cdot (T_{\text{Sat}} - T_w)}{h_{fg} \cdot \mu_f} \right)$$

Example with Units

$$132.7571 = \left( \frac{4 \cdot 115 \text{ W/m}^2\text{K} \cdot 65 \text{ m} \cdot (373 \text{ K} - 82 \text{ K})}{2260000 \text{ J/kg} \cdot 0.029 \text{ N*s/m}^2} \right)$$

## 20) Viscosity of Film given Mass Flow of Condensate Formula

Formula

Evaluate Formula

$$\mu_f = \frac{\rho_L \cdot (\rho_L - \rho_v) \cdot [g] \cdot (\delta^3)}{3 \cdot \dot{m}}$$

Example with Units

$$0.0291 \text{ N*s/m}^2 = \frac{1000 \text{ kg/m}^3 \cdot (1000 \text{ kg/m}^3 - 0.5 \text{ kg/m}^3) \cdot 9.8066 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot (0.00232 \text{ m}^3)}{3 \cdot 1.40 \text{ kg/s}}$$

## 21) Viscosity of Film given Reynolds Number of Film Formula

Formula

Example with Units

Evaluate Formula

$$\mu_f = \frac{4 \cdot \dot{m}_1}{P \cdot \text{Re}_f}$$

$$10 \text{ N*s/m}^2 = \frac{4 \cdot 7200 \text{ kg/s}}{9.6 \text{ m} \cdot 300}$$

## 22) Wetted Perimeter given Reynolds Number of Film Formula

Formula

Example with Units

Evaluate Formula

$$P = \frac{4 \cdot \dot{m}_1}{\text{Re}_f \cdot \mu}$$

$$9.6 \text{ m} = \frac{4 \cdot 7200 \text{ kg/s}}{300 \cdot 10 \text{ N*s/m}^2}$$



## Variables used in list of Condensation Formulas above

- **A<sub>CS</sub>** Cross Sectional Area of Flow (Square Meter)
- **A<sub>plate</sub>** Area of Plate (Square Meter)
- **c** Specific Heat Capacity (Joule per Kilogram per K)
- **C** Constant for Condensation Number
- **Co** Condensation Number
- **D<sub>Sphere</sub>** Diameter of Sphere (Meter)
- **D<sub>Tube</sub>** Diameter of Tube (Meter)
- **h<sup>-</sup>** Average Heat Transfer Coefficient (Watt per Square Meter per Kelvin)
- **h<sub>fg</sub>** Latent Heat of Vaporization (Joule per Kilogram)
- **h'<sub>fg</sub>** Corrected Latent Heat of Vaporization (Joule per Kilogram)
- **k** Thermal Conductivity (Watt per Meter per K)
- **k<sub>f</sub>** Thermal Conductivity of Film Condensate (Watt per Meter per K)
- **K<sub>f</sub>** Thermal Conductivity at Film Temperature (Watt per Meter per K)
- **L** Length of Plate (Meter)
- **ṁ** Mass Flow Rate (Kilogram per Second)
- **ṁ<sub>1</sub>** Mass Flow of Condensate (Kilogram per Second)
- **P** Wetted Perimeter (Meter)
- **P<sub>f</sub>** Prandtl Number at Film Temperature
- **q** Heat Transfer (Watt)
- **Re<sub>f</sub>** Reynolds Number of Film
- **Re<sub>m</sub>** Reynolds Number for Mixing
- **T<sub>s</sub>'** Saturation Temperature for Superheated Vapor (Kelvin)
- **T<sub>Sat</sub>** Saturation Temperature (Kelvin)
- **T<sub>w</sub>** Plate Surface Temperature (Kelvin)
- **x** Height of Film (Meter)
- **δ** Film Thickness (Meter)

## Constants, Functions, Measurements used in list of Condensation Formulas above

- **constant(s):** [g], 9.80665  
Gravitational acceleration on Earth
- **Functions:** sin, sin(Angle)  
Sine is a trigonometric function that describes the ratio of the length of the opposite side of a right triangle to the length of the hypotenuse.
- **Measurement: Length** in Meter (m)  
Length Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement: Temperature** in Kelvin (K)  
Temperature Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement: Area** in Square Meter (m²)  
Area Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement: Power** in Watt (W)  
Power Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement: Angle** in Radian (rad)  
Angle Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement: Thermal Conductivity** in Watt per Meter per K (W/(m\*K))  
Thermal Conductivity Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement: Specific Heat Capacity** in Joule per Kilogram per K (J/(kg\*K))  
Specific Heat Capacity Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement: Mass Flow Rate** in Kilogram per Second (kg/s)  
Mass Flow Rate Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement: Heat Transfer Coefficient** in Watt per Square Meter per Kelvin (W/m²\*K)  
Heat Transfer Coefficient Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement: Dynamic Viscosity** in Newton Second per Square Meter (N\*s/m²)  
Dynamic Viscosity Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement: Density** in Kilogram per Cubic Meter (kg/m³)  
Density Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement: Latent Heat** in Joule per Kilogram (J/kg)  
Latent Heat Unit Conversion 



- $\mu$  Viscosity of Fluid (*Newton Second per Square Meter*)
- $\mu_f$  Viscosity of Film (*Newton Second per Square Meter*)
- $\rho_f$  Density of Liquid Film (*Kilogram per Cubic Meter*)
- $\rho_L$  Density of Liquid (*Kilogram per Cubic Meter*)
- $\rho_v$  Density of Vapor (*Kilogram per Cubic Meter*)
- $\Phi$  Inclination Angle (*Radian*)





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