

Important AC Circuit Design Formulas PDF



Formulas Examples with Units

List of 45 Important AC Circuit Design Formulas

1) Capacitance for Parallel RLC Circuit using Q Factor Formula ↻

Formula

$$C = \frac{L \cdot Q_{||}^2}{R^2}$$

Example with Units

$$349.3578 \mu\text{F} = \frac{0.79 \text{ mH} \cdot 39.9^2}{60 \Omega^2}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

2) Capacitance for Series RLC Circuit given Q Factor Formula ↻

Formula

$$C = \frac{L}{Q_{se}^2 \cdot R^2}$$

Example with Units

$$351.1111 \mu\text{F} = \frac{0.79 \text{ mH}}{0.025^2 \cdot 60 \Omega^2}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

3) Capacitance given Cut off Frequency Formula ↻

Formula

$$C = \frac{1}{2 \cdot R \cdot \pi \cdot f_c}$$

Example with Units

$$350.4072 \mu\text{F} = \frac{1}{2 \cdot 60 \Omega \cdot 3.1416 \cdot 7.57 \text{ Hz}}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

4) Capacitance using Time Constant Formula ↻

Formula

$$C = \frac{\tau}{R}$$

Example with Units

$$350 \mu\text{F} = \frac{21 \text{ ms}}{60 \Omega}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

5) Complex Power Formula ↻

Formula

$$S = \sqrt{P^2 + Q^2}$$

Example with Units

$$270.5199 \text{ VA} = \sqrt{235 \text{ W}^2 + 134 \text{ VAR}^2}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

6) Complex Power given Power Factor Formula ↻

Formula

$$S = \frac{P}{\cos(\Phi)}$$

Example with Units

$$271.3546 \text{ VA} = \frac{235 \text{ W}}{\cos(30^\circ)}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻



7) Current using Complex Power Formula ↻

Formula

$$I = \sqrt{\frac{S}{Z}}$$

Example with Units

$$2.0972 \text{ A} = \sqrt{\frac{270.5 \text{ VA}}{61.5 \Omega}}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

8) Current using Power Factor Formula ↻

Formula

$$I = \frac{P}{\cos \Phi \cdot V}$$

Example with Units

$$2.102 \text{ A} = \frac{235 \text{ W}}{0.86 \cdot 130 \text{ V}}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

9) Cut Off Frequency for RC circuit Formula ↻

Formula

$$f_c = \frac{1}{2 \cdot \pi \cdot C \cdot R}$$

Example with Units

$$7.5788 \text{ Hz} = \frac{1}{2 \cdot 3.1416 \cdot 350 \mu\text{F} \cdot 60 \Omega}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

10) Electric Current using Reactive Power Formula ↻

Formula

$$I = \frac{Q}{V \cdot \sin(\Phi)}$$

Example with Units

$$2.0615 \text{ A} = \frac{134 \text{ VAR}}{130 \text{ V} \cdot \sin(30^\circ)}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

11) Electric Current using Real Power Formula ↻

Formula

$$I = \frac{P}{V \cdot \cos(\Phi)}$$

Example with Units

$$2.0873 \text{ A} = \frac{235 \text{ W}}{130 \text{ V} \cdot \cos(30^\circ)}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

12) Electrical Angle Formula ↻

Formula

$$\theta_e = \left(\frac{N_p}{2} \right) \cdot \theta_m$$

Example with Units

$$160^\circ = \left(\frac{4}{2} \right) \cdot 80^\circ$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

13) Frequency using Time Period Formula ↻

Formula

$$\omega_n = \frac{1}{2 \cdot \pi \cdot T}$$

Example with Units

$$0.0502 \text{ Hz} = \frac{1}{2 \cdot 3.1416 \cdot 3.17}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻



14) Impedance given Complex Power and Current Formula

Formula

$$Z = \frac{S}{I^2}$$

Example with Units

$$61.3379\Omega = \frac{270.5\text{VA}}{2.1\text{A}^2}$$

Evaluate Formula 

15) Impedance given Complex Power and Voltage Formula

Formula

$$Z = \frac{V^2}{S}$$

Example with Units

$$62.4769\Omega = \frac{130\text{V}^2}{270.5\text{VA}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

16) Inductance for Parallel RLC Circuit using Q Factor Formula

Formula

$$L = \frac{C \cdot R^2}{Q_{||}^2}$$

Example with Units

$$0.7915\text{mH} = \frac{350\mu\text{F} \cdot 60\Omega^2}{39.9^2}$$

Evaluate Formula 

17) Inductance for Series RLC Circuit given Q Factor Formula

Formula

$$L = C \cdot Q_{se}^2 \cdot R^2$$

Example with Units

$$0.7875\text{mH} = 350\mu\text{F} \cdot 0.025^2 \cdot 60\Omega^2$$

Evaluate Formula 

18) Line to Neutral Current using Reactive Power Formula

Formula

$$I_{ln} = \frac{Q}{3 \cdot V_{ln} \cdot \sin(\Phi)}$$

Example with Units

$$1.2966\text{A} = \frac{134\text{VAR}}{3 \cdot 68.9\text{V} \cdot \sin(30^\circ)}$$

Evaluate Formula 

19) Line to Neutral Current using Real Power Formula

Formula

$$I_{ln} = \frac{P}{3 \cdot \cos(\Phi) \cdot V_{ln}}$$

Example with Units

$$1.3128\text{A} = \frac{235\text{W}}{3 \cdot \cos(30^\circ) \cdot 68.9\text{V}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

20) Line to Neutral Voltage using Reactive Power Formula

Formula

$$V_{ln} = \frac{Q}{3 \cdot \sin(\Phi) \cdot I_{ln}}$$

Example with Units

$$68.7179\text{V} = \frac{134\text{VAR}}{3 \cdot \sin(30^\circ) \cdot 1.3\text{A}}$$

Evaluate Formula 



21) Line to Neutral Voltage using Real Power Formula

Formula

$$V_{ln} = \frac{P}{3 \cdot \cos(\Phi) \cdot I_{ln}}$$

Example with Units

$$69.5781 \text{ V} = \frac{235 \text{ W}}{3 \cdot \cos(30^\circ) \cdot 1.3 \text{ A}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

22) Power Factor given Power Formula

Formula

$$\cos\Phi = \frac{P}{V \cdot I}$$

Example with Units

$$0.8608 = \frac{235 \text{ W}}{130 \text{ V} \cdot 2.1 \text{ A}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

23) Power Factor given Power Factor Angle Formula

Formula

$$\cos\Phi = \cos(\Phi)$$

Example with Units

$$0.866 = \cos(30^\circ)$$

Evaluate Formula 

24) Power in Single-Phase AC Circuits Formula

Formula

$$P = V \cdot I \cdot \cos(\Phi)$$

Example with Units

$$236.4249 \text{ W} = 130 \text{ V} \cdot 2.1 \text{ A} \cdot \cos(30^\circ)$$

Evaluate Formula 

25) Power in Single-Phase AC Circuits using Current Formula

Formula

$$P = I^2 \cdot R \cdot \cos(\Phi)$$

Example with Units

$$229.1503 \text{ W} = 2.1 \text{ A}^2 \cdot 60 \Omega \cdot \cos(30^\circ)$$

Evaluate Formula 

26) Q Factor for Parallel RLC Circuit Formula

Formula

$$Q_{||} = R \cdot \left(\sqrt{\frac{C}{L}} \right)$$

Example with Units

$$39.9367 = 60 \Omega \cdot \left(\sqrt{\frac{350 \mu\text{F}}{0.79 \text{ mH}}} \right)$$

Evaluate Formula 

27) Q Factor for Series RLC Circuit Formula

Formula

$$Q_{se} = \frac{1}{R} \cdot \left(\sqrt{\frac{L}{C}} \right)$$

Example with Units

$$0.025 = \frac{1}{60 \Omega} \cdot \left(\sqrt{\frac{0.79 \text{ mH}}{350 \mu\text{F}}} \right)$$

Evaluate Formula 

28) Reactive Power Formula

Formula

$$Q = I \cdot V \cdot \sin(\Phi)$$

Example with Units

$$136.5 \text{ VAR} = 2.1 \text{ A} \cdot 130 \text{ V} \cdot \sin(30^\circ)$$

Evaluate Formula 



29) Reactive Power using Line-to-Neutral Current Formula

Formula

$$Q = 3 \cdot I_{\text{ln}} \cdot V_{\text{ln}} \cdot \sin(\Phi)$$

Example with Units

$$134.355_{\text{VAR}} = 3 \cdot 1.3_{\text{A}} \cdot 68.9_{\text{V}} \cdot \sin(30^\circ)$$

Evaluate Formula 

30) Reactive Power using RMS Voltage and Current Formula

Formula

$$Q = V_{\text{rms}} \cdot I_{\text{rms}} \cdot \sin(\Phi)$$

Example with Units

$$135.125_{\text{VAR}} = 57.5_{\text{V}} \cdot 4.7_{\text{A}} \cdot \sin(30^\circ)$$

Evaluate Formula 

31) Real Power in AC Circuit Formula

Formula

$$P = V \cdot I \cdot \cos(\Phi)$$

Example with Units

$$236.4249_{\text{W}} = 130_{\text{V}} \cdot 2.1_{\text{A}} \cdot \cos(30^\circ)$$

Evaluate Formula 

32) Real Power using Line-to-Neutral Voltage Formula

Formula

$$P = 3 \cdot I_{\text{ln}} \cdot V_{\text{ln}} \cdot \cos(\Phi)$$

Example with Units

$$232.7097_{\text{W}} = 3 \cdot 1.3_{\text{A}} \cdot 68.9_{\text{V}} \cdot \cos(30^\circ)$$

Evaluate Formula 

33) Real Power using RMS Voltage and Current Formula

Formula

$$P = I_{\text{rms}} \cdot V_{\text{rms}} \cdot \cos(\Phi)$$

Example with Units

$$234.0434_{\text{W}} = 4.7_{\text{A}} \cdot 57.5_{\text{V}} \cdot \cos(30^\circ)$$

Evaluate Formula 

34) Resistance for Parallel RLC Circuit using Q Factor Formula

Formula

$$R = \frac{Q_{||}}{\sqrt{\frac{C}{L}}}$$

Example with Units

$$59.9449_{\Omega} = \frac{39.9}{\sqrt{\frac{350_{\mu\text{F}}}{0.79_{\text{mH}}}}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

35) Resistance for Series RLC Circuit given Q Factor Formula

Formula

$$R = \frac{\sqrt{L}}{Q_{\text{se}} \cdot \sqrt{C}}$$

Example with Units

$$60.0952_{\Omega} = \frac{\sqrt{0.79_{\text{mH}}}}{0.025 \cdot \sqrt{350_{\mu\text{F}}}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

36) Resistance using Time Constant Formula

Formula

$$R = \frac{\tau}{C}$$

Example with Units

$$60_{\Omega} = \frac{21_{\text{ms}}}{350_{\mu\text{F}}}$$

Evaluate Formula 



37) Resonant Frequency for RLC circuit Formula

Formula

$$f_o = \frac{1}{2 \cdot \pi \cdot \sqrt{L \cdot C}}$$

Example with Units

$$302.6722 \text{ Hz} = \frac{1}{2 \cdot 3.1416 \cdot \sqrt{0.79 \text{ mH} \cdot 350 \mu\text{F}}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

38) RMS Current using Reactive Power Formula

Formula

$$I_{\text{rms}} = \frac{Q}{V_{\text{rms}} \cdot \sin(\Phi)}$$

Example with Units

$$4.6609 \text{ A} = \frac{134 \text{ VAR}}{57.5 \text{ V} \cdot \sin(30^\circ)}$$

Evaluate Formula 

39) RMS Current using Real Power Formula

Formula

$$I_{\text{rms}} = \frac{P}{V_{\text{rms}} \cdot \cos(\Phi)}$$

Example with Units

$$4.7192 \text{ A} = \frac{235 \text{ W}}{57.5 \text{ V} \cdot \cos(30^\circ)}$$

Evaluate Formula 

40) RMS Voltage using Reactive Power Formula

Formula

$$V_{\text{rms}} = \frac{Q}{I_{\text{rms}} \cdot \sin(\Phi)}$$

Example with Units

$$57.0213 \text{ V} = \frac{134 \text{ VAR}}{4.7 \text{ A} \cdot \sin(30^\circ)}$$

Evaluate Formula 

41) RMS Voltage using Real Power Formula

Formula

$$V_{\text{rms}} = \frac{P}{I_{\text{rms}} \cdot \cos(\Phi)}$$

Example with Units

$$57.735 \text{ V} = \frac{235 \text{ W}}{4.7 \text{ A} \cdot \cos(30^\circ)}$$

Evaluate Formula 

42) Voltage using Complex Power Formula

Formula

$$V = \sqrt{S \cdot Z}$$

Example with Units

$$128.9796 \text{ V} = \sqrt{270.5 \text{ VA} \cdot 61.5 \Omega}$$

Evaluate Formula 

43) Voltage using Power Factor Formula

Formula

$$V = \frac{P}{\cos\Phi \cdot I}$$

Example with Units

$$130.1218 \text{ V} = \frac{235 \text{ W}}{0.86 \cdot 2.1 \text{ A}}$$

Evaluate Formula 



44) Voltage using Reactive Power Formula

Formula

$$V = \frac{Q}{I \cdot \sin(\Phi)}$$

Example with Units

$$127.619\text{V} = \frac{134\text{VAR}}{2.1\text{A} \cdot \sin(30^\circ)}$$

Evaluate Formula 

45) Voltage using Real Power Formula

Formula

$$V = \frac{P}{I \cdot \cos(\Phi)}$$

Example with Units

$$129.2165\text{V} = \frac{235\text{W}}{2.1\text{A} \cdot \cos(30^\circ)}$$

Evaluate Formula 



Variables used in list of AC Circuit Design Formulas above

- **C** Capacitance (Microfarad)
- **$\cos\Phi$** Power Factor
- **f_c** Cut-off Frequency (Hertz)
- **f_o** Resonant Frequency (Hertz)
- **I** Current (Ampere)
- **I_{In}** Line to Neutral Current (Ampere)
- **I_{rms}** Root Mean Square Current (Ampere)
- **L** Inductance (Millihenry)
- **N_p** Number of Poles
- **P** Real Power (Watt)
- **Q** Reactive Power (Volt Ampere Reactive)
- **$Q_{||}$** Parallel RLC Quality Factor
- **Q_{se}** Series RLC Quality Factor
- **R** Resistance (Ohm)
- **S** Complex Power (Volt Ampere)
- **T** Time Period
- **V** Voltage (Volt)
- **V_{In}** Line to Neutral Voltage (Volt)
- **V_{rms}** Root Mean Square Voltage (Volt)
- **Z** Impedance (Ohm)
- **θ_e** Electrical Angle (Degree)
- **θ_m** Mechanical Angle (Degree)
- **T** Time Constant (Millisecond)
- **Φ** Phase Difference (Degree)
- **ω_n** Natural Frequency (Hertz)

Constants, Functions, Measurements used in list of AC Circuit Design Formulas above

- **constant(s):** π , 3.14159265358979323846264338327950288
Archimedes' constant
- **Functions:** **cos**, $\cos(\text{Angle})$
Cosine of an angle is the ratio of the side adjacent to the angle to the hypotenuse of the triangle.
- **Functions:** **sin**, $\sin(\text{Angle})$
Sine is a trigonometric function that describes the ratio of the length of the opposite side of a right triangle to the length of the hypotenuse.
- **Functions:** **sqrt**, $\text{sqrt}(\text{Number})$
A square root function is a function that takes a non-negative number as an input and returns the square root of the given input number.
- **Measurement:** **Time** in Millisecond (ms)
Time Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Electric Current** in Ampere (A)
Electric Current Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Power** in Volt Ampere (VA), Watt (W), Volt Ampere Reactive (VAR)
Power Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Angle** in Degree ($^{\circ}$)
Angle Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Frequency** in Hertz (Hz)
Frequency Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Capacitance** in Microfarad (μF)
Capacitance Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Electric Resistance** in Ohm (Ω)
Electric Resistance Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Inductance** in Millihenry (mH)
Inductance Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Electric Potential** in Volt (V)
Electric Potential Unit Conversion 



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